

A SUPPLEMENT TO THE WORLD REVISION OF
ODONTOMACHUS (HYMENOPTERA: FORMICIDAE)¹

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In a recent publication (Brown, 1976, *Studia Entomologica* 19: 67-171) I reviewed the world fauna of the ponerine ant genus *Odontomachus*. While that contribution was in press, and since its appearance, some significant new *Odontomachus* material, and information about material, has come to my notice. It seems appropriate to supplement the revision now, while it is fresh, by offering the new information for incorporation.

The first and most important addition is the description of a new (twentieth) species in the *haematodus* group.

***Odontomachus scalptus* new species**

Holotype, worker: TL 10.0, HL 2.66, HW (across vertex) 1.79, ML 1.40, scape L 2.52, eye L 0.42, WL 3.08 mm; CI 67, MI 53, SI 141.

Measurements for the 4 paratype workers range upward to the largest specimen, the antenna-less example from Oronoque R., Guyana: TL 11.0, HL 2.87, HW 2.05, ML 1.45, eye L 0.47, WL 3.40 mm; CI 71, MI 51.

Closely resembling continental samples of *O. bauri*, but differing sharply in sculpture of mesonotum and gaster:

(1) Mesonotum and metanotum longitudinally striate, the striae tending slightly to diverge cephalad on mesonotum. In outline from side view, the mesonotum is a little more strongly convex than in *bauri*.

(2) First 3 gastric terga finely but very distinctly striate-punctulate, the punctulae in single longitudinal rows (striae) separating the very fine ridges (costulae). The punctulae tend to be more

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